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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/029,394	12/28/2001	Jum Soo Kim	054216-5016	2075
43569	7590	08/23/2005	EXAMINER	
MAYER, BROWN, ROWE & MAW LLP 1909 K STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20006			NGUYEN, KHIEM D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2823	

DATE MAILED: 08/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No. 10/029,394	Applicant(s) KIM ET AL.	
	Examiner Khiem D. Nguyen	Art Unit 2823	

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 June 2005.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 7-13 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 7-13 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 31 March 2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                                   | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)             |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

**DETAILED ACTION*****New Grounds of Rejection******Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

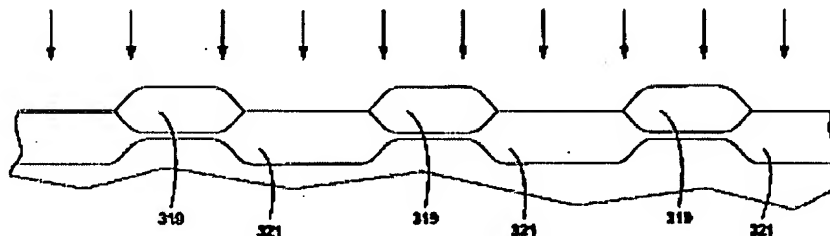
A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Fang (U.S. Patent 6,667,511).

In re claim 7, **Fang** discloses a method of manufacturing a code address memory cell in a peripheral circuit region and a flash memory cell in a cell region, the method comprising:

forming a device isolation film **319** in a given region on a semiconductor substrate **304** to define an active region and a device isolation region (col. 10, lines 6-16 and FIG. 9e);

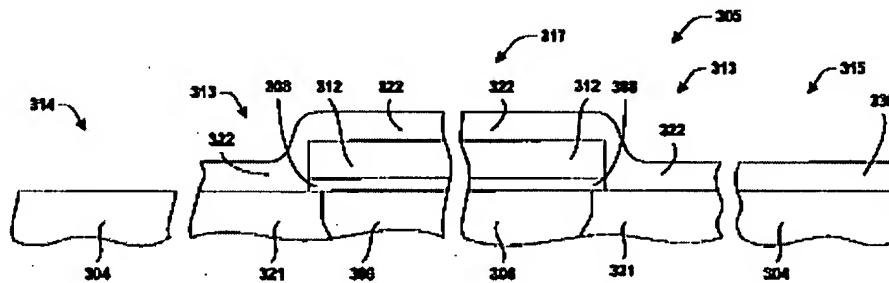


**FIGURE 9e**

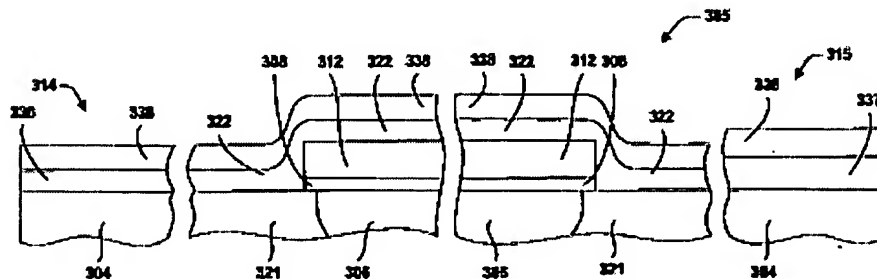
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defining the active region into a cell region 317 and a peripheral circuit region 314, 315 by a given process;

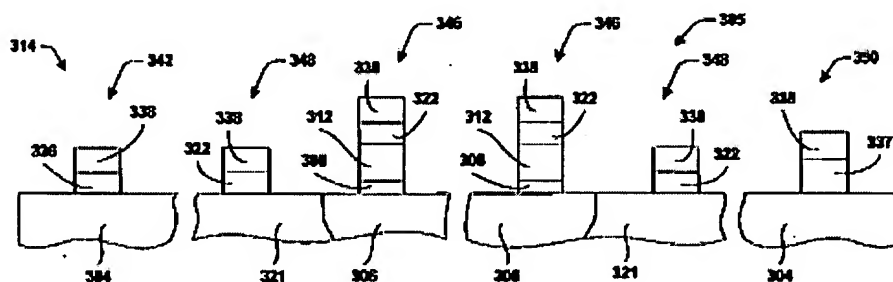
forming a tunnel oxide film 308 and a first polysilicon film 312 on the entire circuit and then patterning the tunnel oxide film 308 and the first polysilicon film 312 so that the tunnel oxide film and the first polysilicon film remain in a given region of the cell region 317, thus defining a floating gate 312 (col. 7, lines 31-56 and FIG. 9f);

**FIGURE 9f**

sequentially forming an insulating film 322 including an oxide film and a nitride film (ONO) and a second polysilicon film 338 on the entire structure including the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315, the insulating film being formed under the second polysilicon film 338 (col. 10, lines 29-65 and FIG. 9g);

**FIGURE 9g**

patterning the second polysilicon film 338 and the insulating film 322 so that they remain in a given region of the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 respectively, thus forming a control gate 338 on the insulating film covering the floating gate 312 in the cell region 317 and a gate on the insulating film covering a surface of the substrate 304 in the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 (col. 10, line 66 to col. 11, line 19 and FIG. 9i); and



**FIGURE 9i**

performing an impurity ion implantation process for a given region of the semiconductor substrate to form a source region and a drain region, so that a flash memory cell 346 is formed in the cell region, and a code address memory cell 348 is formed in the peripheral circuit region (col. 10, lines 6-16 and FIG. 9i).

In re claims 8 and 10, **Fang** discloses that the insulating film 22 is formed by stacking at least two or more layers of at least one of the oxide and nitride film (col. 10, lines 29-38).

In re claim 9, **Fang** discloses that the insulating film 22 has a thickness of about 130 Angstroms (col. 10, lines 29-38).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

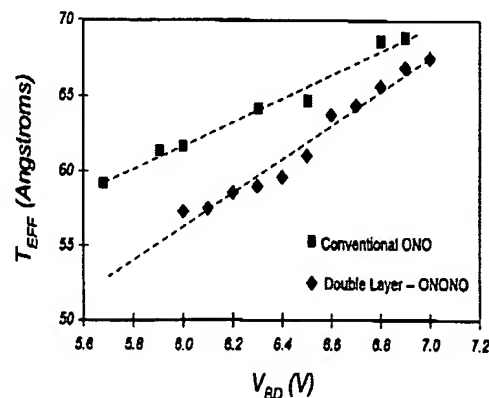
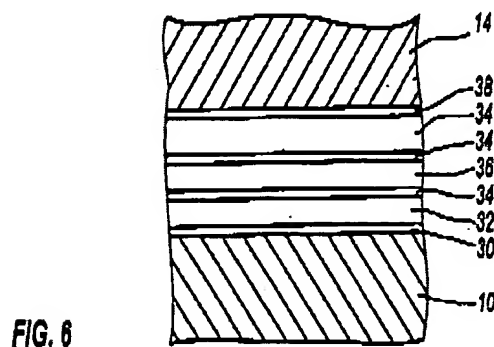
The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fang (U.S. Patent 6,667,511) in view of Sheng et al. (U.S. Patent 5,981,404).

In re claims 11 and 12, **Fang** does not explicitly disclose that the insulating film is formed by stacking a first oxide film, a first nitride film, a second oxide film, a second nitride film and a third oxide film.

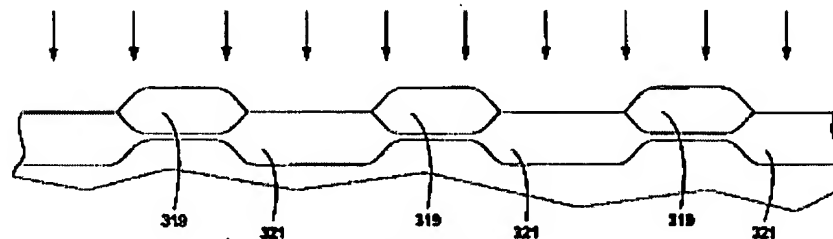
**Sheng**, however, discloses a insulating structures used in DRAMs or other memory devices such that the insulating structures is formed by stacking a first oxide film 30, a first nitride film 32, a second oxide film 34, a second nitride film 36 and a third oxide film 34 (col. 7, line 41 to col. 9, line 23 and FIGS. 6 and 9).



Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine the teaching of Fang and Sheng to enable the process of creating an insulating film formed by stacking a first oxide film, a first nitride film, a second oxide film, a second nitride film and a third oxide film of Fang to be performed and furthermore other improvements in the dielectric structure account for the improvements in the breakdown voltage characteristics of the ONONO dielectric structure (col. 9, lines 23-26, Sheng).

In re claim 13, **Fang** discloses a method of manufacturing a code address memory cell in a peripheral circuit region and a flash memory cell in a cell region, the method comprising the steps of:

forming a device isolation film 319 in a given region on a semiconductor substrate 304 to define an active region and a device isolation region (col. 10, lines 6-16 and FIG. 9e);

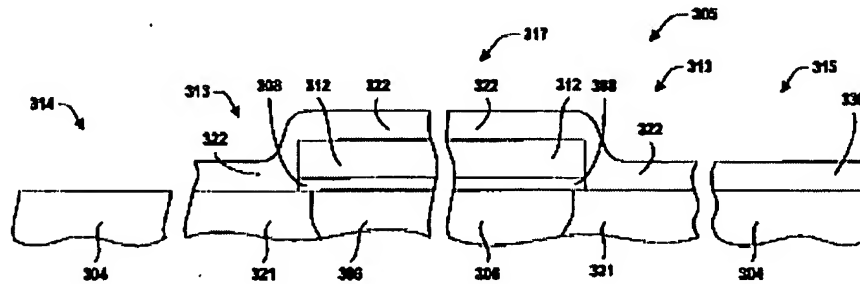


**FIGURE 9e**

defining the active region into a cell region 317 and a peripheral circuit region 314, 315 by a given process;

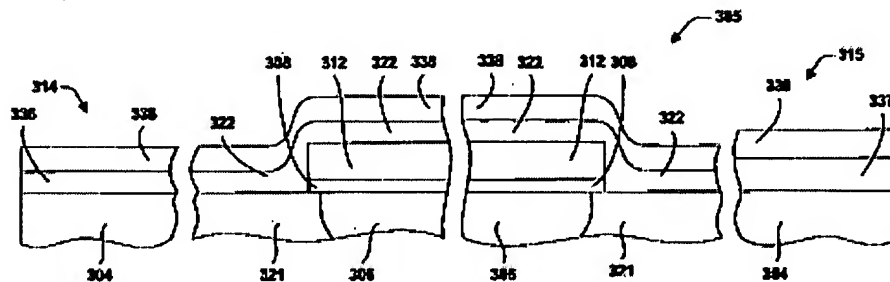
forming a tunnel oxide film 308 and a first polysilicon film 312 on the entire circuit and then patterning the tunnel oxide film 308 and the first polysilicon film 312 so

that the tunnel oxide film and the first polysilicon film only remains in a given region of the cell region 317, thus defining a floating gate 312 (col. 7, lines 31-56 and FIG. 9f);



**FIGURE 9f**

sequentially forming an insulating film 322 including an oxide film and a nitride film (ONO) and a second polysilicon film 338 on the entire structure including the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315, the insulating film being formed under the second polysilicon film 338 (col. 10, lines 29-65 and FIG. 9g);



**FIGURE 9g**

patterning the second polysilicon film 338 and the insulating film 322 so that they remain only in a given region of the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 respectively, thus forming a control gate 338 of the flash memory cell on the insulating film covering the floating gate 312 in the cell region 317 and a gate on the



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insulating film covering a surface of the substrate 304 in the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 (col. 10, line 66 to col. 11, line 19 and FIG. 9i); and

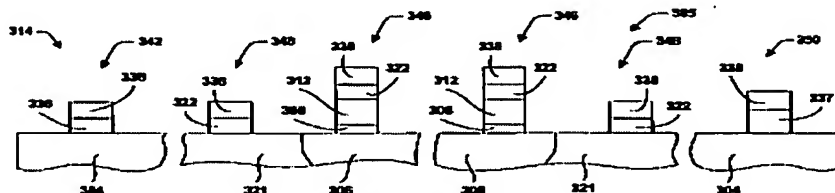


FIGURE 9i

performing an impurity ion implantation process for a given region of the semiconductor substrate to form a source region and a drain region, so that a flash memory cell 346 is formed in the cell region, and a code address memory cell 348 is formed in the peripheral circuit region (col. 10, lines 6-16 and FIG. 9i).

**Fang** does not explicitly disclose that the insulating film is formed by stacking a first oxide film, a first nitride film, a second oxide film, a second nitride film and a third oxide film as recited in independent claim 13.

**Sheng**, however, discloses a insulating structures used in DRAMs or other memory devices such that the insulating structures is formed by stacking a first oxide film 30, a first nitride film 32, a second oxide film 34, a second nitride film 36 and a third oxide film 34 (col. 7, line 41 to col. 9, line 23 and FIGS. 6 and 9).

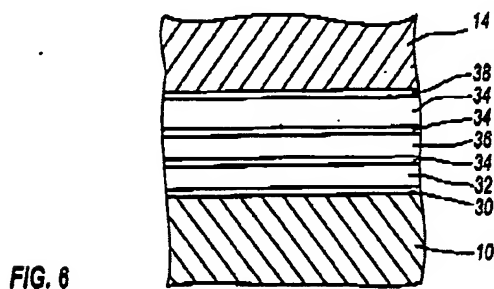


FIG. 6

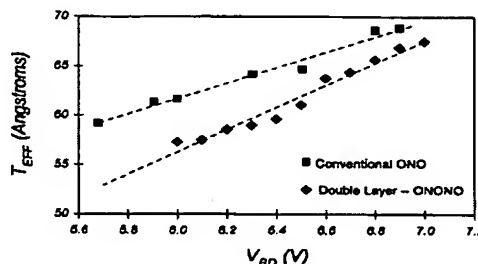


FIG. 9

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine the teaching of Fang and Sheng to enable the process of creating an insulating film formed by stacking a first oxide film, a first nitride film, a second oxide film, a second nitride film and a third oxide film of Fang to be performed and furthermore other improvements in the dielectric structure account for the improvements in the breakdown voltage characteristics of the ONONO dielectric structure can be obtained (col. 9, lines 23-26, Sheng).

***Response to Applicant's Amendment and Arguments***

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-13 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicants contend that the prior art reference Sung et al. (U.S. Pub. 2001/0026968) fails to teach or suggest a method of manufacturing a code address memory cell in a peripheral circuit region and a flash memory cell in a cell region that includes sequentially forming an insulating film including an oxide film and a nitride film and a second polysilicon film on the entire structure including the cell region and the peripheral circuit region, the insulating film being formed under the second polysilicon film, as recited in currently amended independent claim 7 and newly added independent claim 13.

In response to Applicants' contention that the Sung fails to teach or suggest a method of manufacturing a code address memory cell in a peripheral circuit region and a flash memory cell in a cell region that includes sequentially forming an insulating film including an oxide film and a nitride film and a second polysilicon film on the entire

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structure including the cell region and the peripheral circuit region, the insulating film being formed under the second polysilicon film, Examiner respectfully submits that Applicants' argument is moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection using the newly discovered references to Fang (U.S. Patent 6,667,511) and Sheng et al. (U.S. Patent 5,981,404) presented in this Office Action.

For this reason, Examiner holds the rejection proper.

### ***Conclusion***

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khiem D. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1865. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:30 AM - 5:30 PM).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

K.N.  
August 11<sup>th</sup>, 2005



**W. DAVID COLEMAN  
PRIMARY EXAMINER**